

Fibre bundles, chapter 1.

DEF: B is a topological space with chosen base point. (*) 一个局部平凡的 B 上之纤维丛是指 $E \xrightarrow{p} B$, E 被称为 total space. B 被称为 base space, 满足 $\forall b \in B, \exists$ an open neighborhood U of b , 且存在同胚 $\phi: p^{-1}(U) \rightarrow p^{-1}(b) \times U$, 使 $\pi_2 \circ \phi = p|_U$. (π_2 为 natural projection to the second factor).

\uparrow 为 B 之基点

$$p^{-1}(U) \xrightarrow{\phi} p^{-1}(b) \times U \xrightarrow{\pi_2} U$$

$\underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{p}$

DEF: Morphisms of bundles: $(\phi_{total}, \phi_{base})$ 满足左图 (1.1)

$E \xrightarrow{\phi_{total}} E'$ 更多地 Say ϕ is a bundle map over B , 若 $B=B'$, $\phi_{base}=1_B$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E & \xrightarrow{\phi_{total}} & E' \\ \downarrow p & & \downarrow p' \\ B & \xrightarrow{\phi_{base}} & B' \end{array}$$

(1.1)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E & \xrightarrow{\phi_{total}} & E' \\ \swarrow p & & \searrow p' \\ B & & B' \end{array}$$

DEF: principal bundle 一个从 E Over B 由一个纤维丛 $p: E \rightarrow B$, together with an action $G \curvearrowright E$ 组成.
(G 为离散群) 且满足

① Shearing map $G \times E \rightarrow E \times E$ by: $(g, x) \mapsto (x, g \cdot x)$ 将 $G \times E$ 同胚地打到 $E \times E$.

② $B = E/G$, $p: E \rightarrow E/G$ 为商映射

③ $\forall b \in B$, 存在开区域 U of b , 使 $p: p^{-1}(U) \rightarrow U$ is a G -bundle isomorphism to平凡 bundle

$$\pi': G \times U \rightarrow U.$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (x, g) & \xrightarrow{\phi} & \phi(x) \\ p^{-1}(U) & \xrightarrow{\phi} & G \times U \\ \downarrow p & & \downarrow \pi' \\ U & & \end{array}$$

proposition: (1) the shearing map is injective, \Leftrightarrow the group action is free (g. E 是一个完整的 copy of E)

这也说明 the action of G on total space of a principle bundle is always free.

(2). 一个自由作用产生了一个良定义的转移函数 $\tau: Q \rightarrow G$, $Q = \{(x, g \cdot x) \in X \times X \mid \nexists$ shearing function 的象.

prof. of (1): $(g_1, x), (g_2, x)$ maps to the same $(x, g \cdot x) \Leftrightarrow g_1 x = g_2 x = g \cdot x \Leftrightarrow$ the action is not free.

(2) $(x, g \cdot x) \mapsto g$, 这是由固定了 x 后. 群 G 中只有一个元素能将 x 打到 $g \cdot x$.

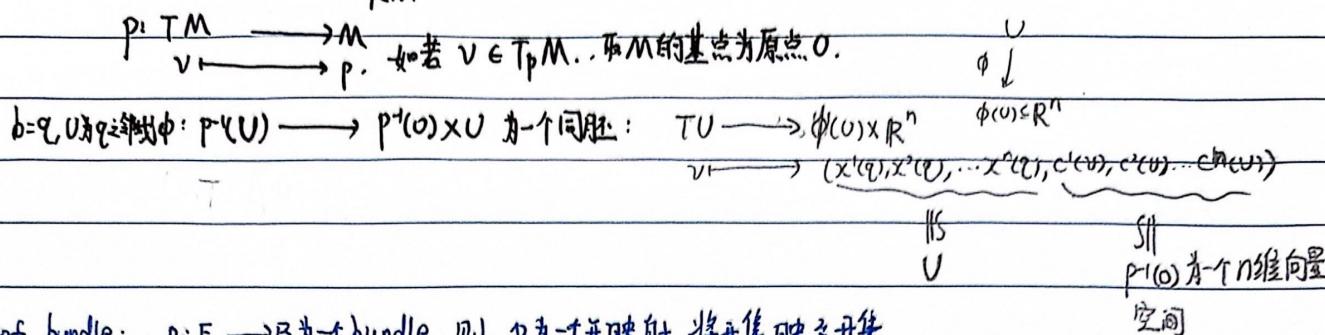
Example (1) $\forall F, B$, 均存在 trivial bundle $\pi_2: F \times B \rightarrow B$,

$$F \times B \xrightarrow{\pi_2} B, \quad p^{-1}(U) = F \times U,$$

$$F \times U \xrightarrow{\phi} p^{-1}(b) \times U \xrightarrow{\pi_2} U$$

$\underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{p}$

(2) M 为 n 维微分流形. $TM = \bigsqcup_{p \in M} T_p M$. $TM \rightarrow M$ 为一个 fibre bundle:

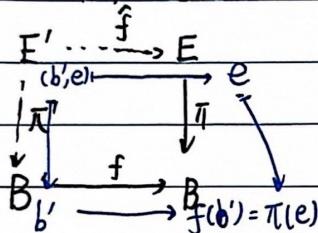


Operations on bundles.

- pullback

若 $E \xrightarrow{\pi} B$ 为一个 bundle, 存在从 $B' \rightarrow B$ 的映射 f , 则我们可以将 $E \xrightarrow{\pi} B$ 这个 bundle 拉回至

$E' \rightarrow B'$, 这里 $E' = \{(b', e) \in B' \times E \mid f(b') = \pi(e)\}$



- Cartesian product

(outer): $E_1 \xrightarrow{p_1} B_1, E_2 \xrightarrow{p_2} B_2$ 为两个 bundle, 定义 $\xi_1 \times \xi_2: E_1 \times E_2 \rightarrow B_1 \times B_2$ (外积)

(inner): If ξ_1, ξ_2 are bundles over the same base B . 定义 internal Cartesian product

of ξ_1 and ξ_2 : $\Delta^*(\xi_1 \times \xi_2)$, 其中 $\Delta: B \rightarrow B \times B$ is the diagonal map

Vector bundles

本节中我们讨论 vector bundle 的一些额外性质.